

ACCU 2007

Linting Software Architectures

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Some Background, and the plan...

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- About...
 - myself
 - SICK
- The plan for this talk
 - Software-Architectures
 - Terms, Definitions, etc
 - Checking Architectures
 - Different Kinds of Architecture-Analysis
 - Tools for Architecture-Analysis
 - Experiences, Discussion... ;-)

Linting Software-Architectures

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- Why should we care ?
 - In lots of Projects, Architecture decay happens
 - We are not alone, as we've prominent representatives... ;-)

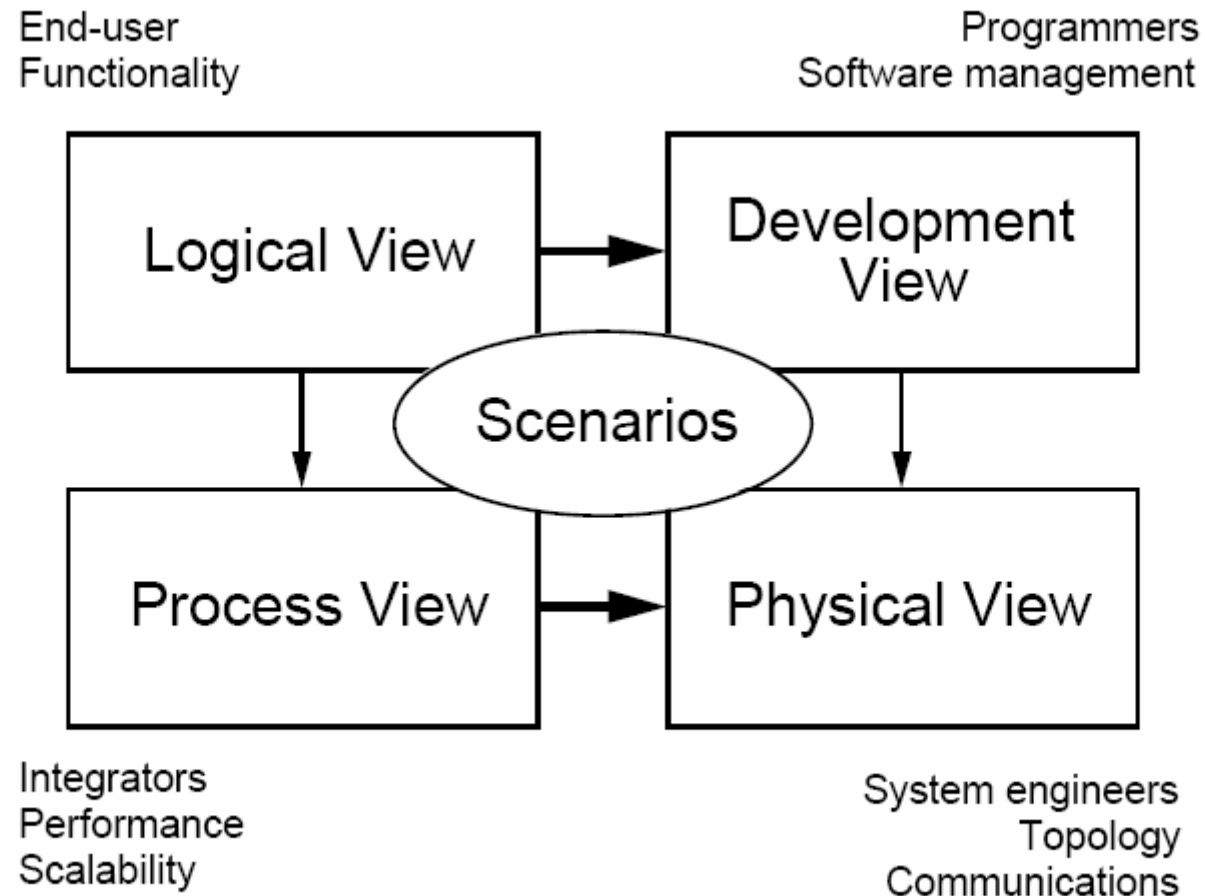


Software-Architecture: Definitions

- IEEE 1471-2000:
 - The fundamental **organization** of a system, embodied in its **components**,
 - their **relationship** to each other and the environment,
 - and the **principles** governing its **design** and **evolution**.
- Booch, Rumbaugh, Jacobson 1999
 - ... the set of significant decisions about the organization of a software system ...
 - ... is the highest level of technical design for a software system: It is driven by your key concerns

Views on a Software-Architecture

- 4+1 View Model (Kruchten, 1995)



Documenting a Software-Architecture (Kruchten)⁶

- captured in two documents:
 - *Software Architecture Document*
 - *Software Design Guidelines*
- *respected to maintain the architectural integrity of the system.*
- Documents are important, but they are Documents (enforce ? ;-)

→ Some kind of Automatic Rulechecking

MDSD (Model Driven Software Development)

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- Approach:
 - Architectural Design IS IN the model (and Application !?)
 - Executable Model (MDA, UML+CodeGen, UML-VM)
 - Source: Model, Target: Application (→ Forward Engineering)
- Open Items:
 - Reverse-/Roundtrip-Engineering ?
 - UML too general: DSL ? (Meta-Modeling Support)
 - Important Standards (e.g. in MOF, ASL, QVT) ?
 - Manual Extensions of generated Code
 - Good Integration of "legacy Software" ?

- Lint == STATIC Analysis
 - hence...some limitations if you do things/tricks at runtime (e.g. Reflection in Java,...)
- With Tool support
 - Pro: automatic, consistent, rule enforcement
 - Cons: Semantic, external Quality
- The Pro is much stronger compared with Code-Lints !!!

Levels of Static Analysis:

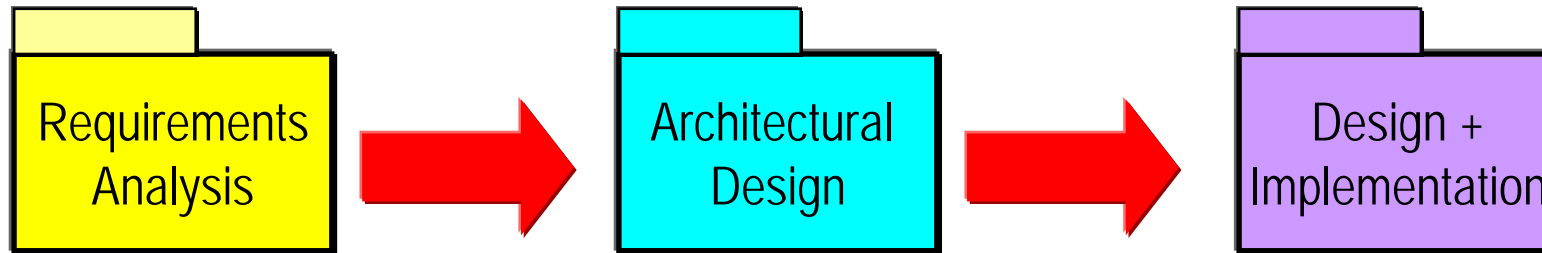
- Goal: (on all Levels)
 - find, avoid Problems, Increase QA (and measure it)
- Micro-Level
 - Code, MIRSA-C
 - E.g: =, ==, {},
- Marco-Level
 - Class-Design, Effective Rules, C++, Java, C#
 - E.g: by reference, String concat, Exception-Handling
- Architecture-Level:
 - Layers, Graphs, Subsystems, Compoments, Interfaces
 - E.g: Coupling, Dependency, etc...

Different kinds of Architecture-Analysis

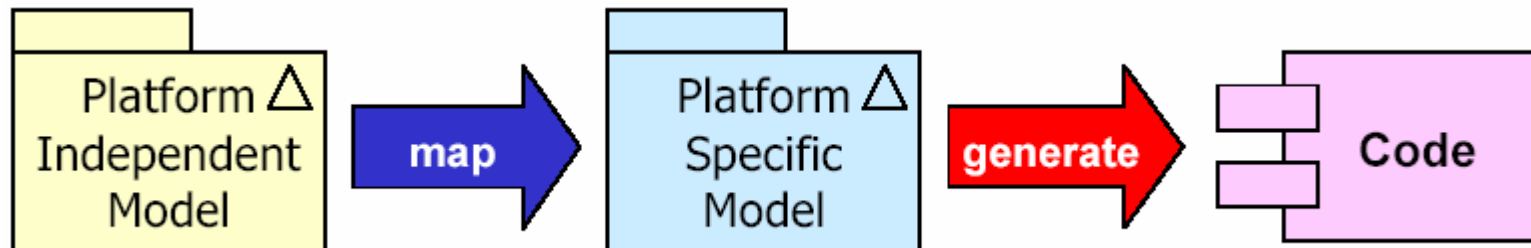
- Consistency-Analysis
- Rating of Architecture
- Discover a Architecture
- Measure real facts (e.g. metrics)
- Monitoring changes, trends (QA)

Consistency-Analysis

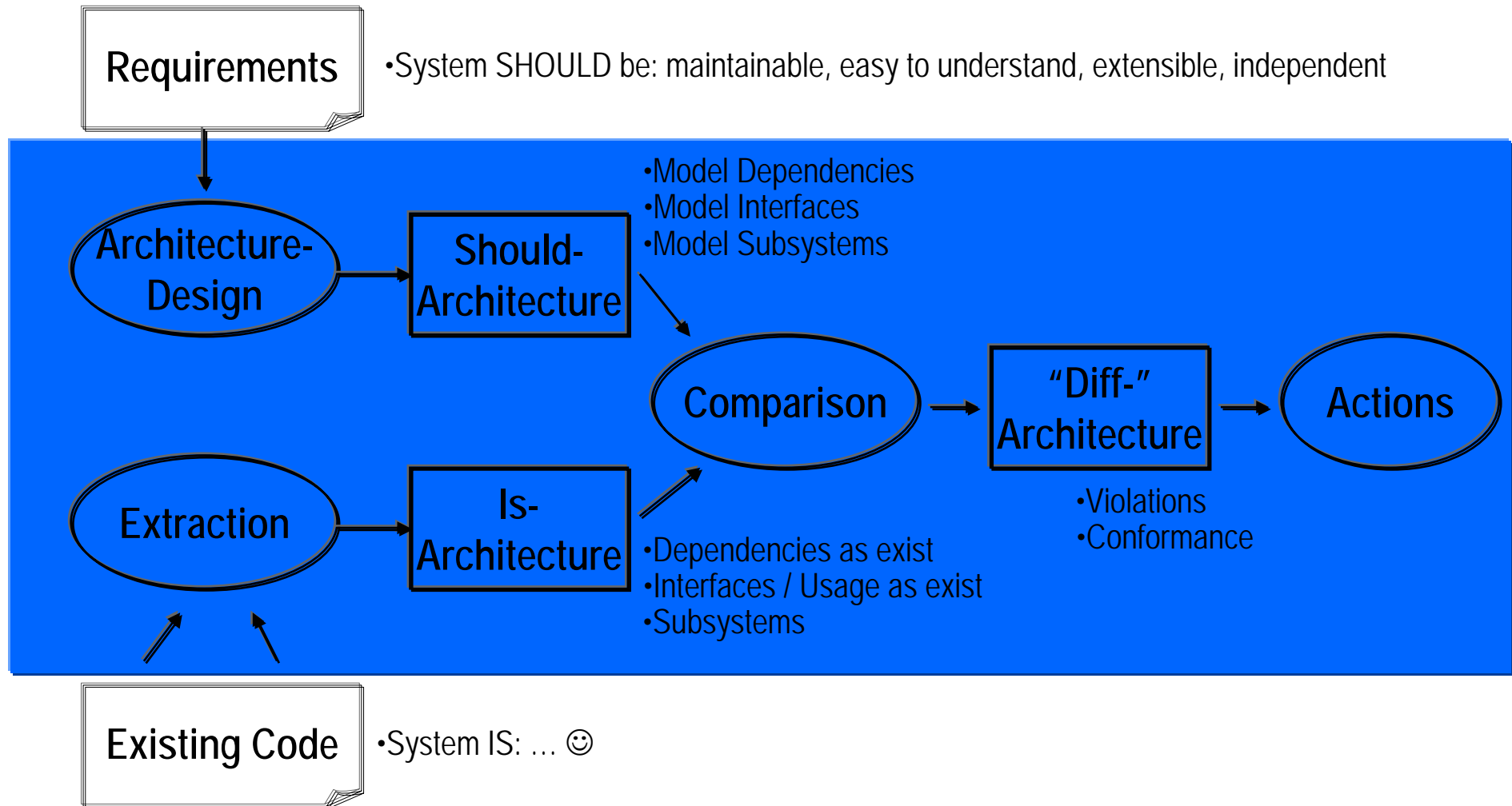
- Aim: No inconsistency



- Dispersion (no toolchain, information loss)
- Delay of Architecture, Rules violated, (over project time, various reasons...)
- Deviation Comparison

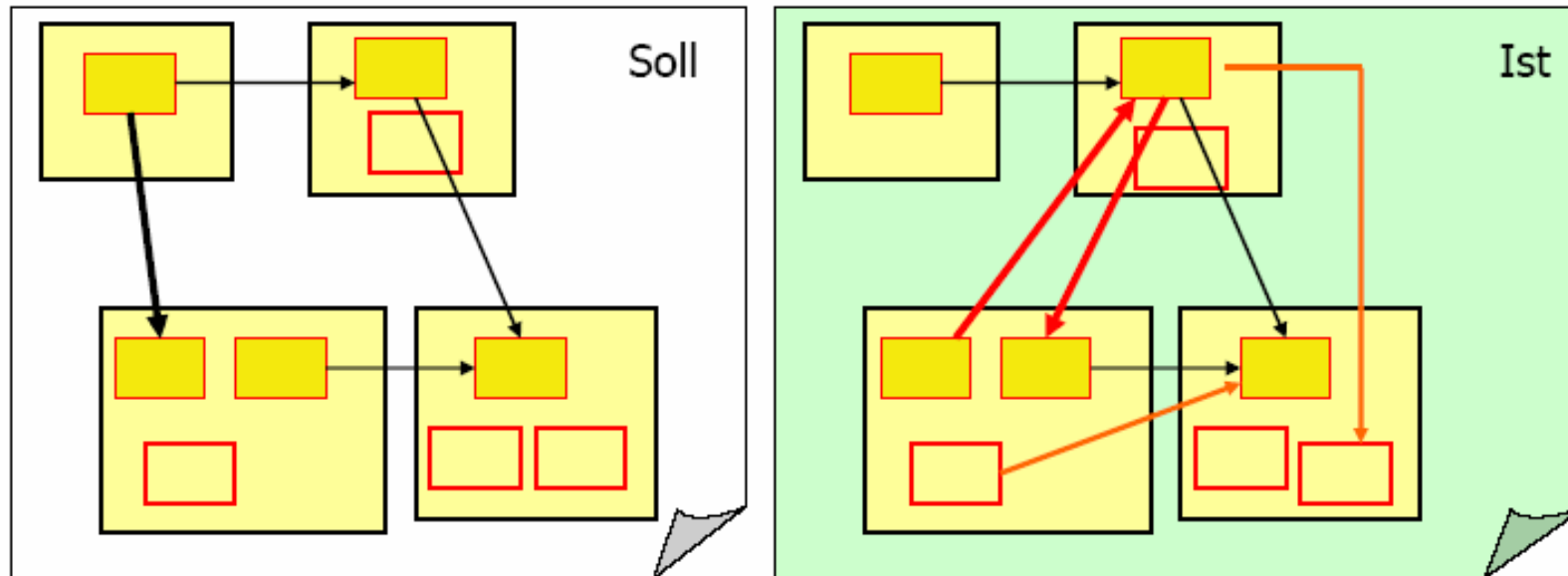


Consistency-Analysis



Consistency-Analysis: Things become VISIBLE

- Results aggregated the right way: (e.g. Subsystem level)



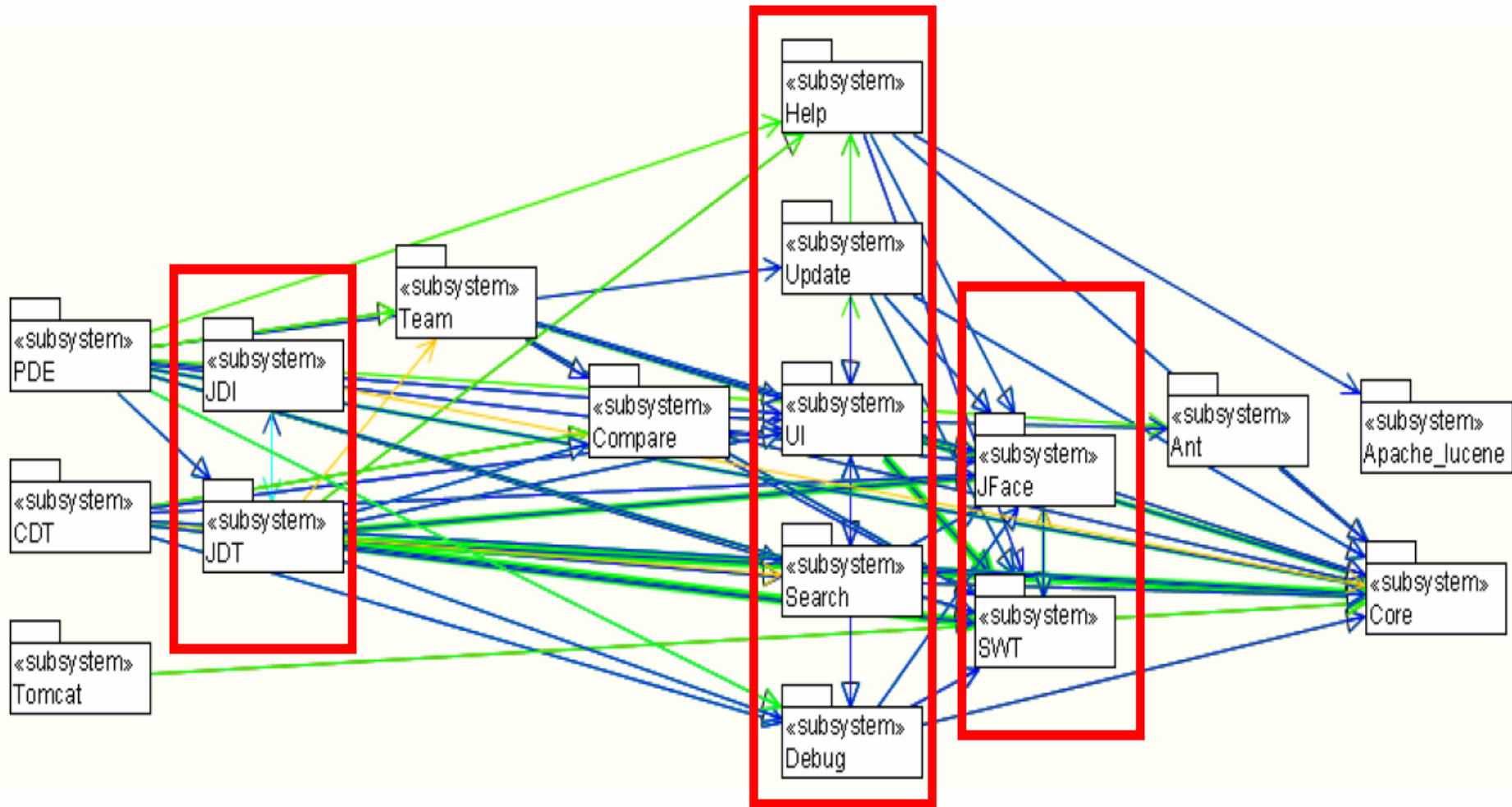
How to cope with violations...

- Identify violations
 - Where
 - Quantity, Quality
 - Heaviness, Impact
- Handling violations
 - Fix possible ? (effort, costs, time)
 - Virtual refactorings, Simulations
 - List with modifications
 - Programmer implements fixes
 - Sometime, "autofix" lint ?... 😊

- NO Rating of external Requirements (Fullfillment)
- Internal Quality (is the focus)
 - Cycles
 - Coupling
 - Stability
 - Anti-Patterns, Bad Smells
- Target:
 - Analyze Problem (and fix) (during project)
 - Compare different Architecture solutions ?

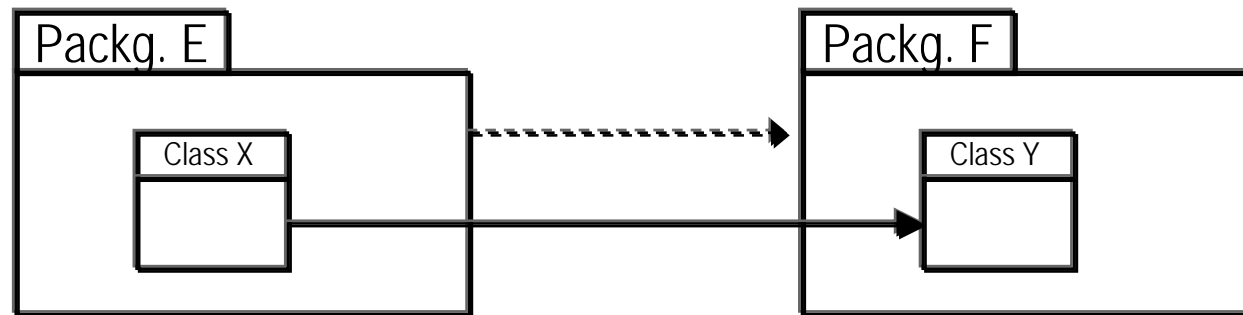
Rating of Architecture: e.g. Cycles

- Handling of Subsystems becomes difficult...

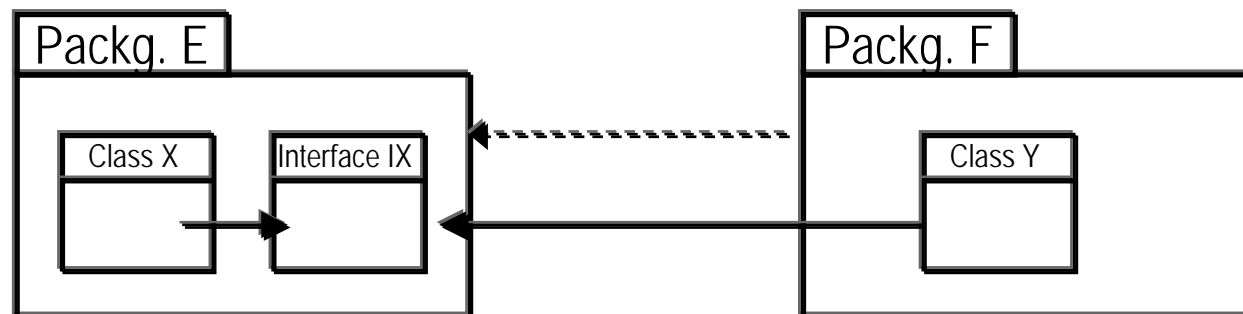


Rating of Architecture: e.g. Coupling

- DIP (Dependency Inversion Principle), R. Martin

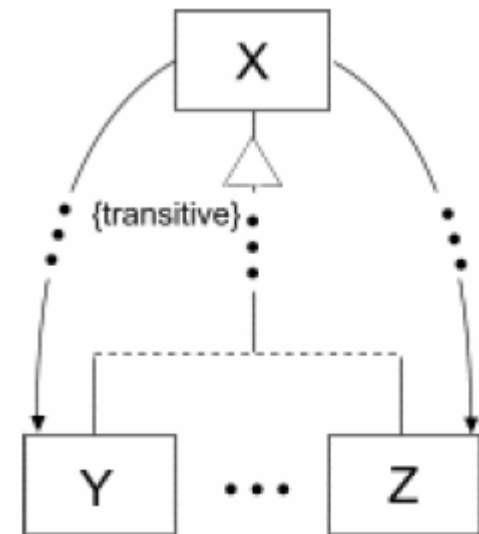


before



after

- Dependent BaseClass
 - Type: Design Problem



- Problem: one or more Methods shall implement different behavior, depending on the type, passed in
- Context: make "extensible" systems, frameworks
- Forces: Programming languages offer, instanceof/typeid funcs.
- Antipattern: Methods of the baseclass, depend on derived classes, e.g. accessing their members, doing switch/case depending on type information

Rating of Architecture: e.g. How to find AntiPatterns

- Dependent Baseclass: 1,5/1000 in Eclipse 2.1, 16/1000 in JDK 1.4.0
- Multiple Interface Inheritance 4/1000 in Eclipse 2.1, 18/1000 in JDK 1.4.0

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE's Quality Model tool. The main window displays a table of metrics and their values for various classes. The table has four columns: ID, Class, Package, and Value. The 'ClassPublicMethods' metric is highlighted in blue. The table shows 23 displayed metrics out of a total of 305. The 'ClassPublicMethods' metric is described as counting the number of public methods in a class, including declared methods in interfaces and abstract classes, but excluding inherited methods and non-overridden default constructors.

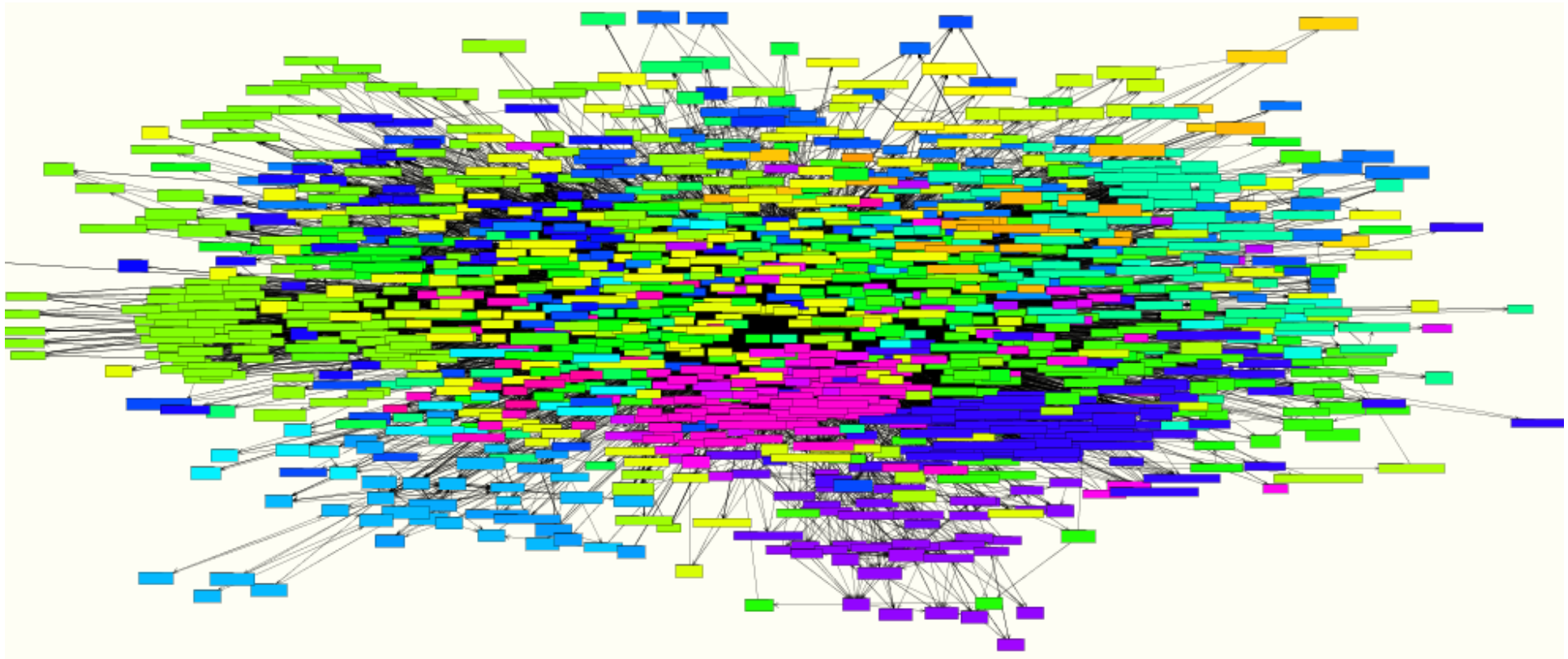
ID	Class	Package	Value
CL	JEditTextArea	org.gjt.sp.jedit.textarea	193
CL	Buffer	org.gjt.sp.jedit	117
CL	JThis	bsh	84
CL	Parser	bsh	83
CL	jEdit	org.gjt.sp.jedit	79
CL	TextAreaPainter	org.gjt.sp.jedit.textarea	47
CL	Interpreter	bsh	45
CL	View	org.gjt.sp.jedit	42
CL	NameSpace	bsh	38
CL	Gutter	org.gjt.sp.jedit.textarea	37
CL	GUIUtilities	org.gjt.sp.jedit	35
CL	MiscUtilities	org.gjt.sp.jedit	33
CL	SearchAndReplace	org.gjt.sp.jedit.search	29
CL	Primitive	bsh	28
CL	VFSBrowser	org.gjt.sp.jedit.browser	27
CL	XmlParser	com.microstar.xml	27
CL	RE	gnu.regex	26
CL	VFS	org.gjt.sp.jedit.io	26
CL	BshClassManager	bsh	22
CL	ASCII_UCCodeESC_CharStream	bsh	21
CL	FoldVisibilityManager	org.gjt.sp.jedit.textarea	21
CL	Macros	org.gjt.sp.jedit	21
CL	OffsetManager	org.gjt.sp.jedit.buffer	21

Metric Description:
 ClassPublicMethods: This metric counts for a class the number of public methods. Declared methods (e.g. in interfaces (JAVA) or abstract classes (JAVA/C++)) and defined methods are considered. Inherited methods are not considered. Non-overridden default constructors are not

DB Filled: 2006-09-25 09:34:51 Quality Model: JAVA-QualityModel.xml Calculated: 2006-09-25 09:35:36

Rating of Architecture: e.g. How to find AntiPatterns

- JDK 1.5:... 1315 classes in 229 packages all depend on each other !!!
- classes.zip, rt.jar (BIG BALL OF MUD ? ;-)



Discover a Architecture (Erosion, prog. understand)

- Visualisation of `_existing_` Architecture (Layout !)
 - Architecture often implicit
 - Undocumented
 - new staff in project,
 - Quick Overview of external software
 - Erosion and Analysis
 - Discover central abstractions/key concepts, e.g. Worker-classes
 - Typical Usage of certain artefacts, Patterns
 - Navigation
 - Used from, Using others,...
 - Library dependency ?
 - High-Level Cross Referencer

Discover a Architecture: Questions

- Is there a Software Architecture ?
 - Implicit, explicit
 - Conformance with rules
- Which Architecture Artefacts are there ?
 - Interfaces, Packages, Components, Subsystems, Layers
 - Layer-Architecture, Graph-Architecture,...
- Any Violations of the Reference/Target-Architecture ?
 - Cycles between xyz...
 - Interface violations between subsystems
 - Bypassing Interfaces

Discover vs. Model a Architecture: Variance comparison

- Arch. sorted layout, only Call-Relationships

The diagram illustrates a sorted layout of subsystems with call relationships. Subsystems are represented as boxes with the stereotype «subsystem» and a name. Relationships are shown as arrows. A table titled 'Violations of Architecture Model 'Overview'' is overlaid on the bottom right, listing specific violations.

Using... Used by...

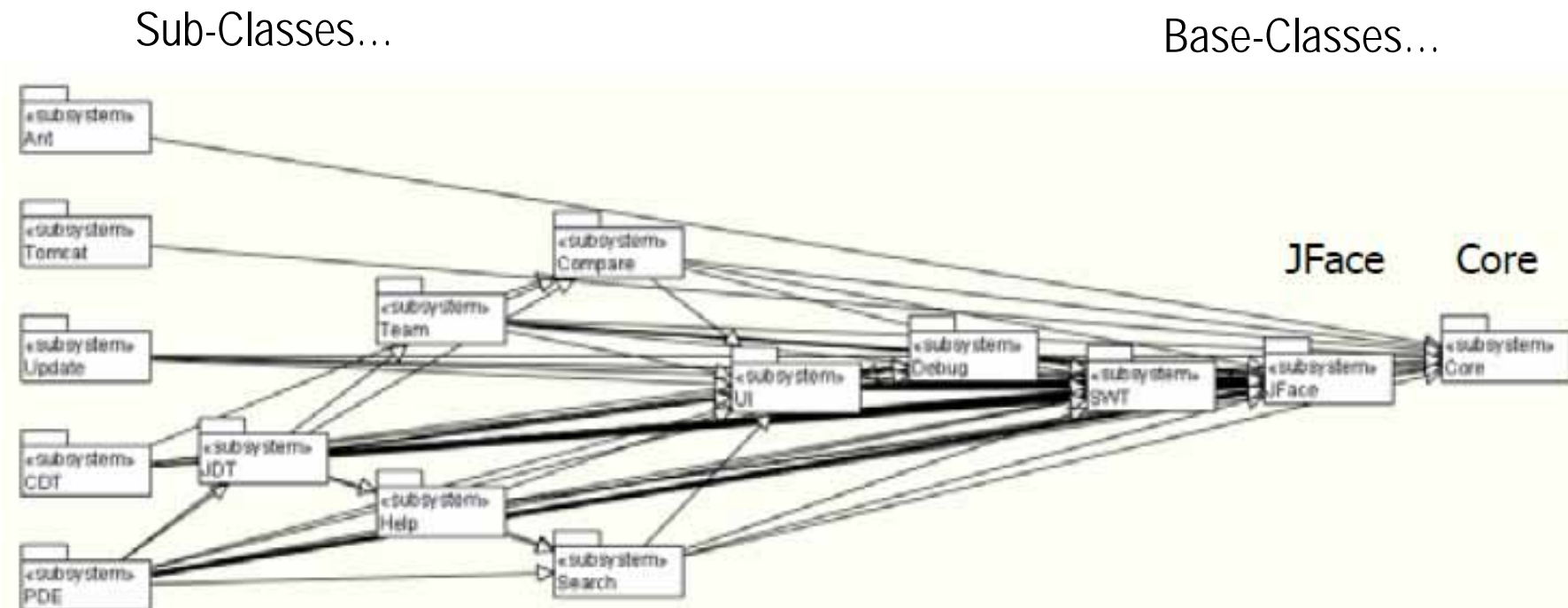
Violations of Architecture Model 'Overview'

ID	subRefing	ID	subRefed	errorKind	count
SU	SF.jdbc	SU	SF.jndi	UPWARD	5
SU	SF.remoting	SU	SF.webmvc	UPWARD	2
SU	SF.remoting	SU	SF.web	UPWARD	2
SU	SF.transaction	SU	SF.aop	UPWARD	24
SU	SF.transaction	SU	SF.jndi	UPWARD	6

•You SEE the architectural violoations

Discover a Architecture: Level of Abstraction

- Topologic sorted layout, only Inheritance-Relationships



- You SEE important Base-Classes....

• E.g from Core:
 IWorkspaceRunnable 102x
 IAdaptable 100x
 IPlatformObject 50x

Measure real facts (e.g. Metrics)

- Metrics are indicators for
 - Quality, Understandability, Maintenance, Error Probability,...
 - Hard facts, measured numbers
- Examples
 - LOC (lines of code)
 - Cyclomatic complexity
 - ACD (average component dependency)
 - Metrics of Robert C. Martin (abstractness, instability etc.)
 - Inheritance depth, overridden/implemented methods,...

Measure real facts (e.g. Metrics)

- Controlled Quantities
 - LOC, #of pakets, files, classes, methods
 - Simple counting of certain artefacts
 - Set a threshold
 - Identify and handle outliers
- Discover candidates which are
 - Sources for bugs, complex, hard to maintain
 - Performance problems
 - Duplicates

Monitoring changes, trends (QA)

- Level Subsystem, Package, File, Class, Operation etc.
 - New artefacts
 - New dependencies
 - New Architecture violations

- Early, betimes correction of viloations

- Monitoring
 - Trendreports
 - "outsourcing" projects

- Features:
 - Static Analysis → Actual state of Arch
 - Description of Arch Rules → List of violations, deviations

 - Show Dependencies (granularity, number, graph)
 - Simulation of Refactoring, Worklist
 - Metrics
 - Trendanalysis

 - IDE-Integration
 - Web-Report
 - Automation, cmd-line

- Products:
 - Sotograph: www.software-tomography.de
 - Bauhaus: www.axivion.com

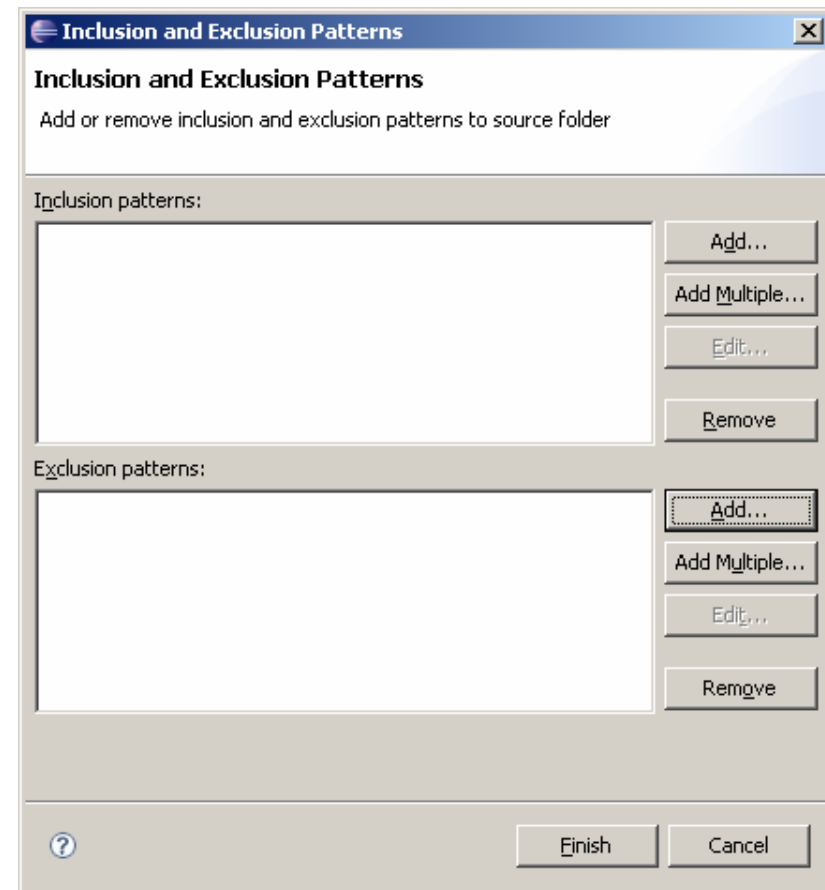
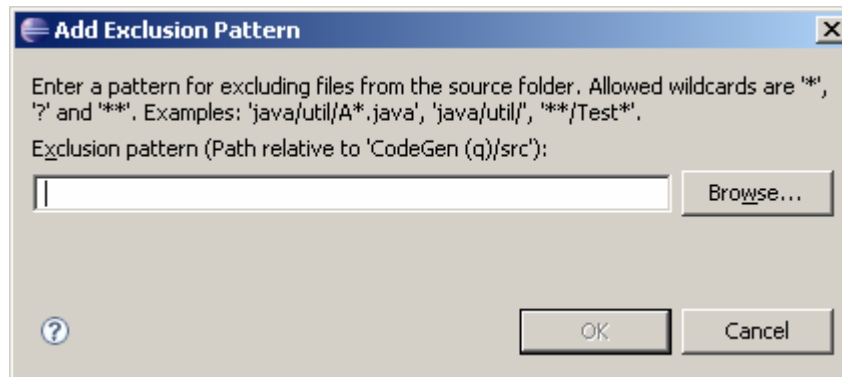
 - SonarJ: www.hello2morrow.de
 - Structure101: www.headwaysoftware.com
 - Lattix: www.lattix.com

 - Klocwork K7: www.klocwork.com

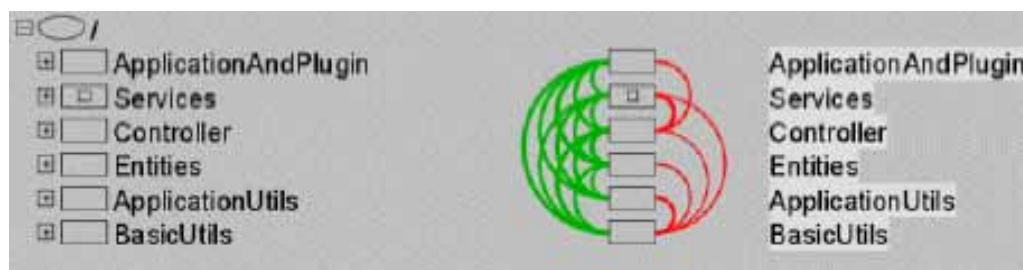
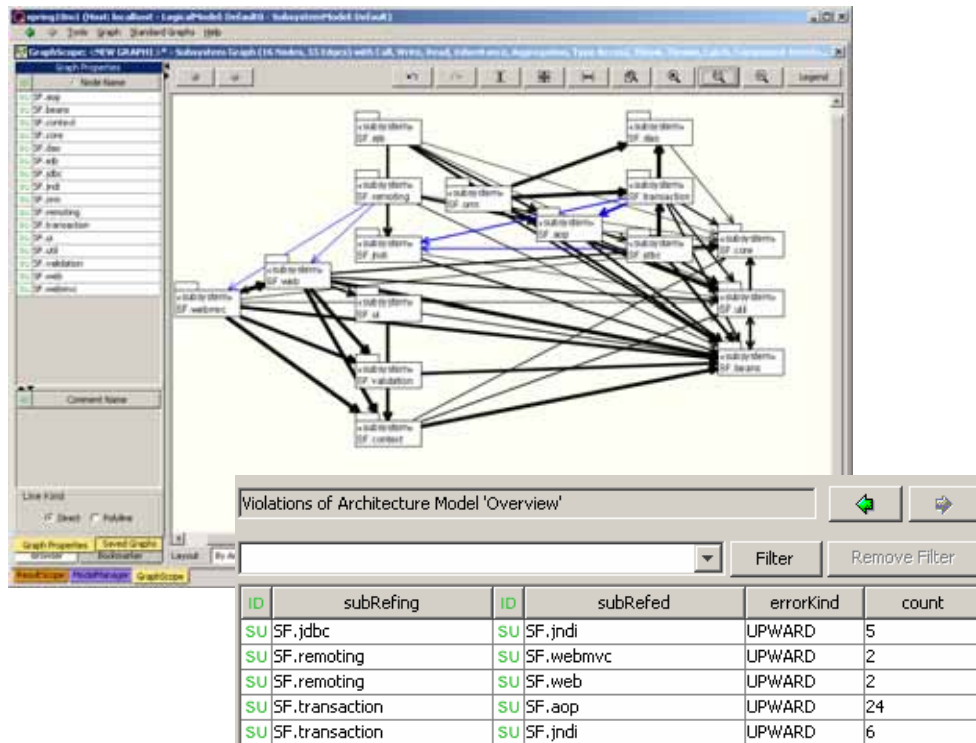
 - XRadar (opensource): www.xradar.org

 - Others: CodeCrawler, SeeSoft, ResourceStandardMetrics

- Basic approaches
 - Your makesystem...
 - makedepend, jdepend
 - RE code into UML model
 - Eclipse (Java Build Path)

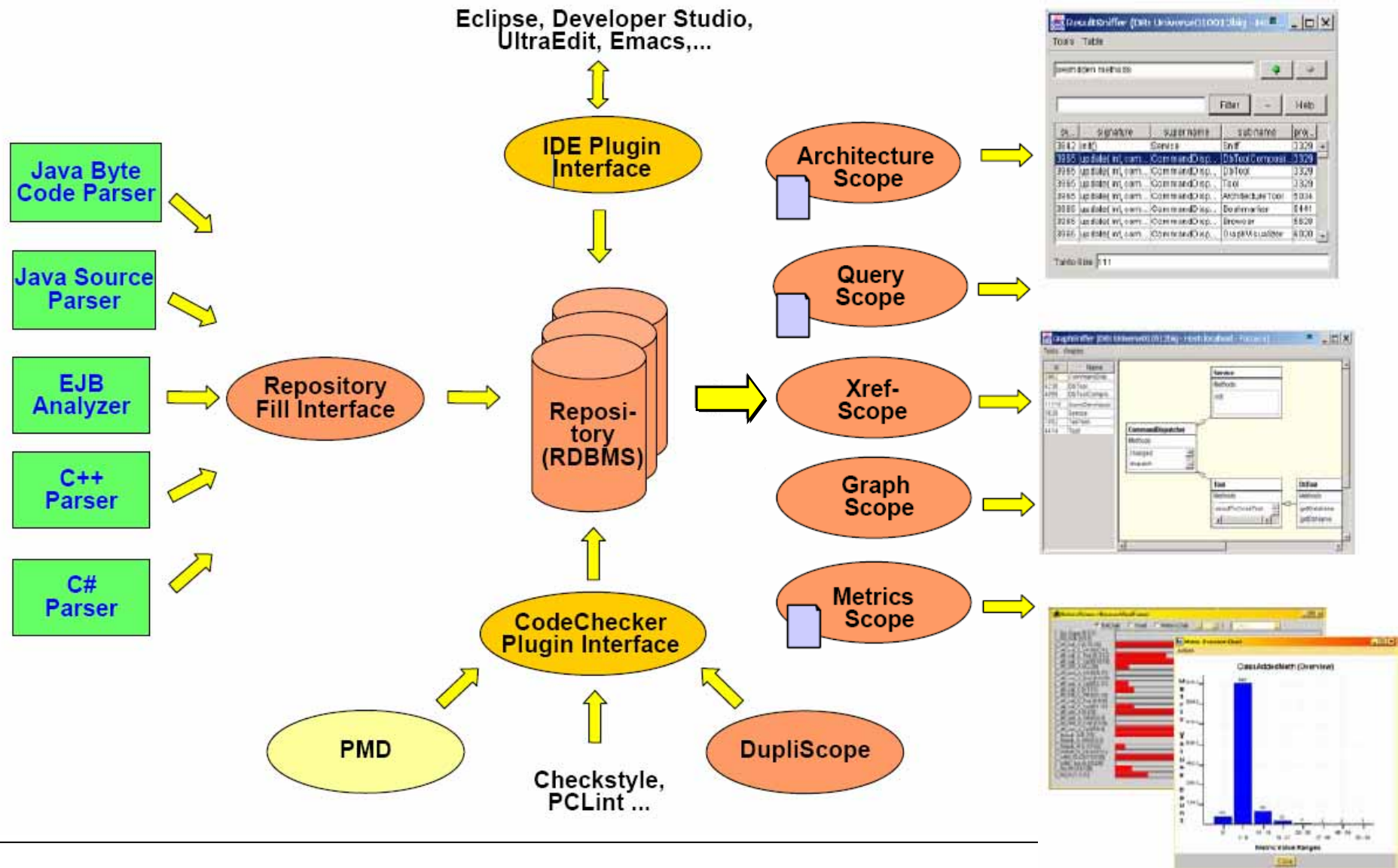


Sotograph: Overview



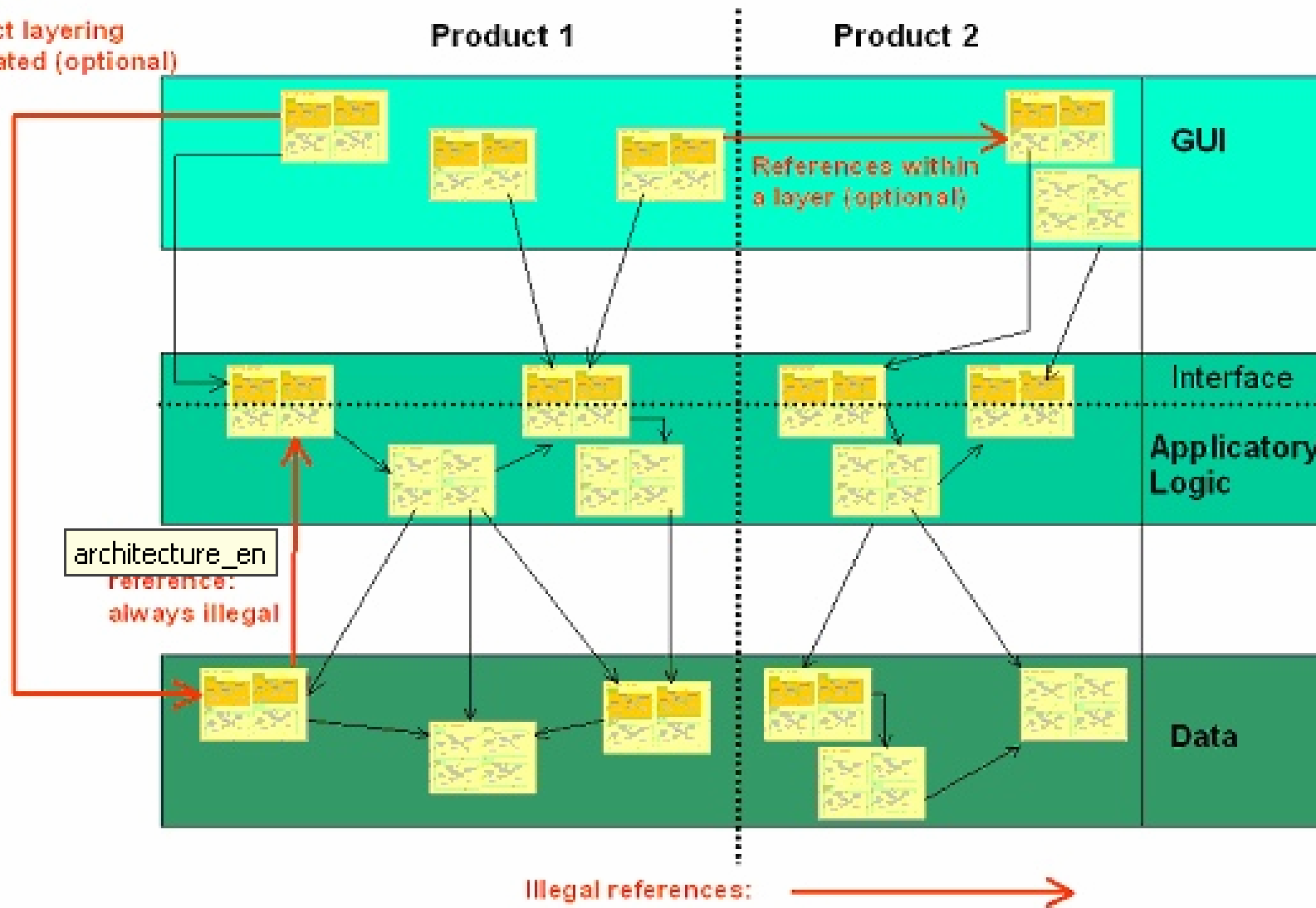
- VERY powerfull
- Infos via Table + Graph
- Cool layout algorithms
- Known since 2003 (NG"SNIFF++")
- Mysql DB, open schema
- Fat GUI Client, Web Report
- About 200+ Metrics
- Arbitrary User queries
- Trend Analysis
- Virtual Refactoring
- Java, C++, C#, source parser
- Lightweight SotoArch 2007

Sotograph

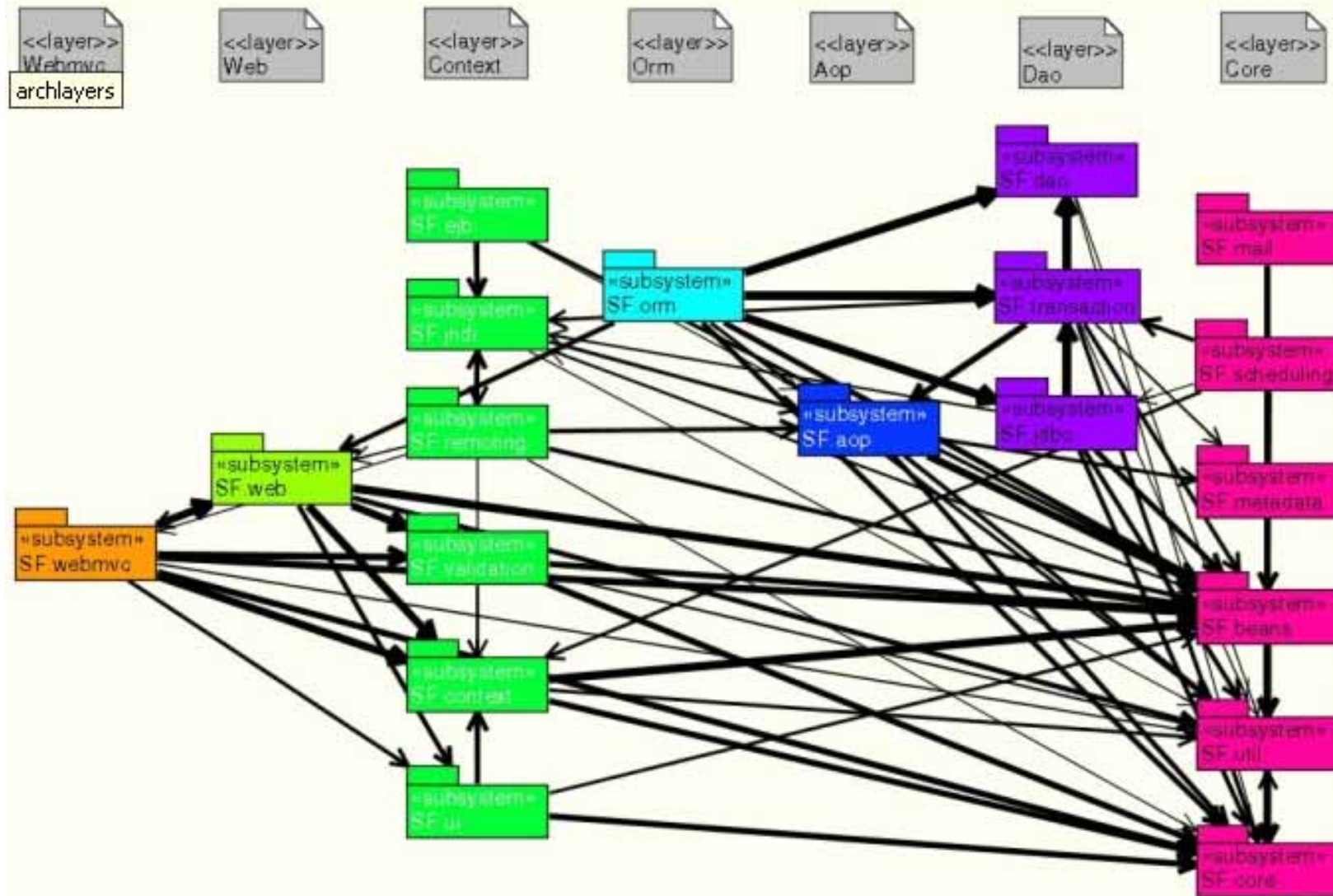


Sotograph: Source and Architecture

Strict layering violated (optional)

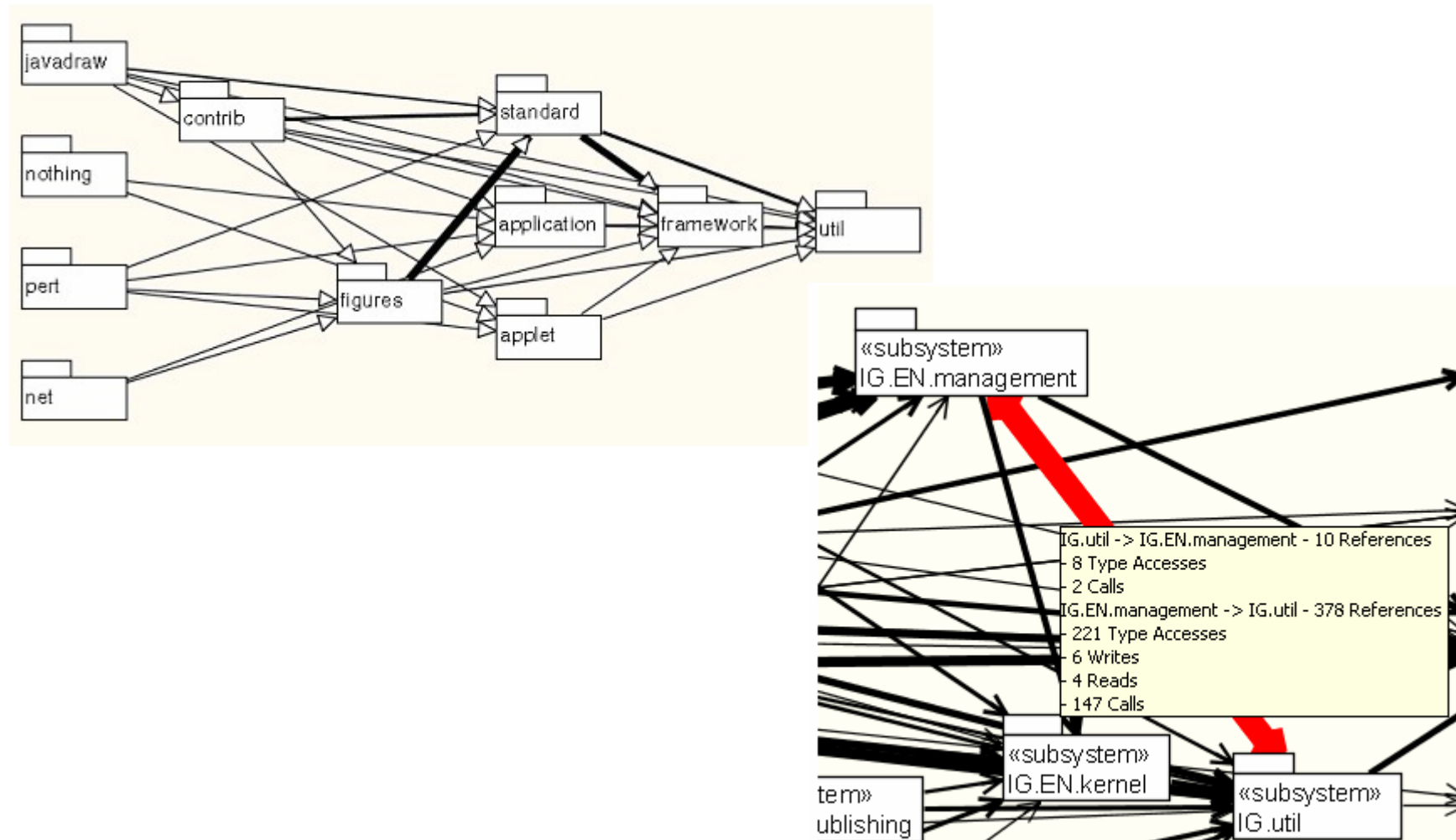


Sotograph: Structure and Relationships



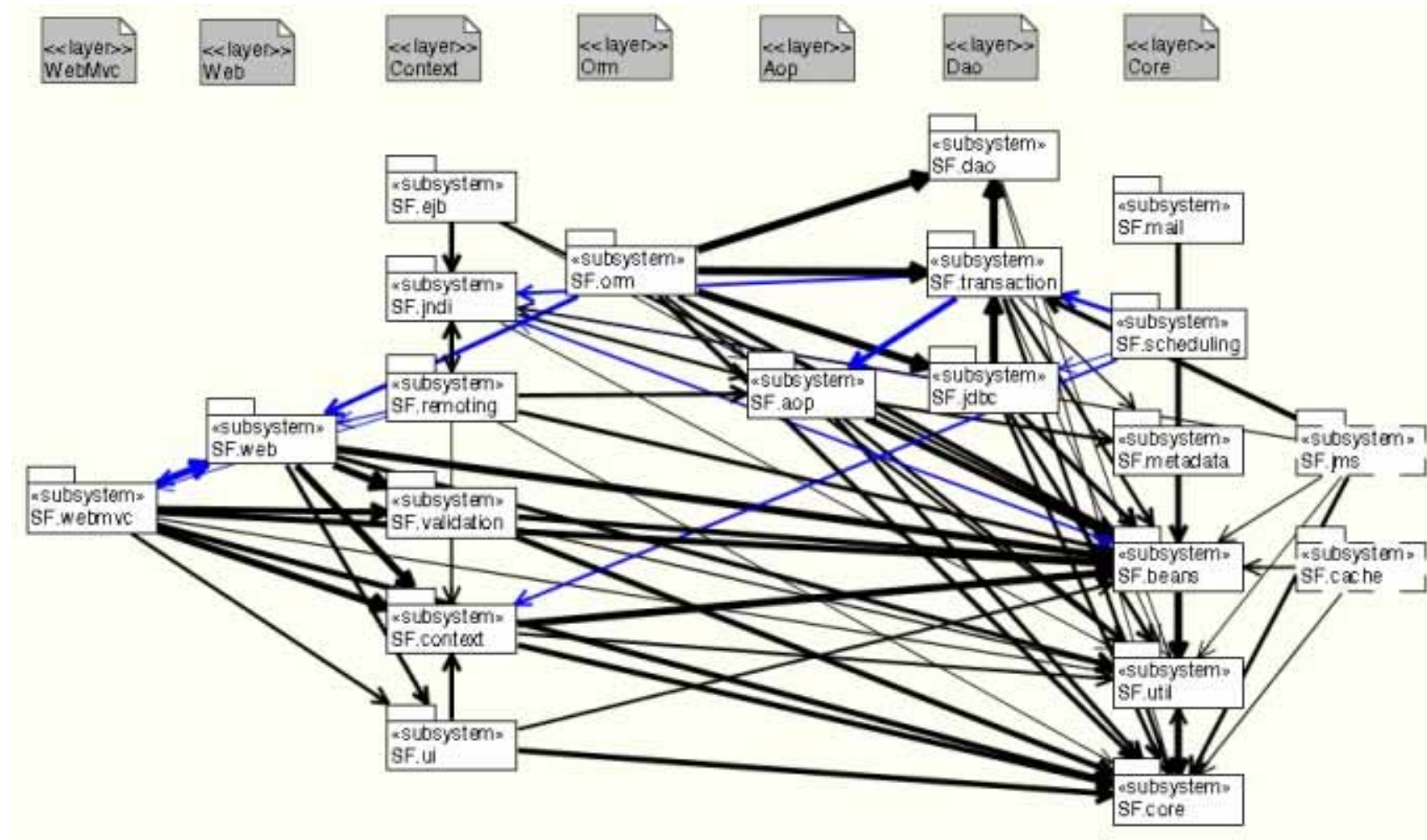
Sotograph: Structure and Relationships

- Dependencies: Informations...

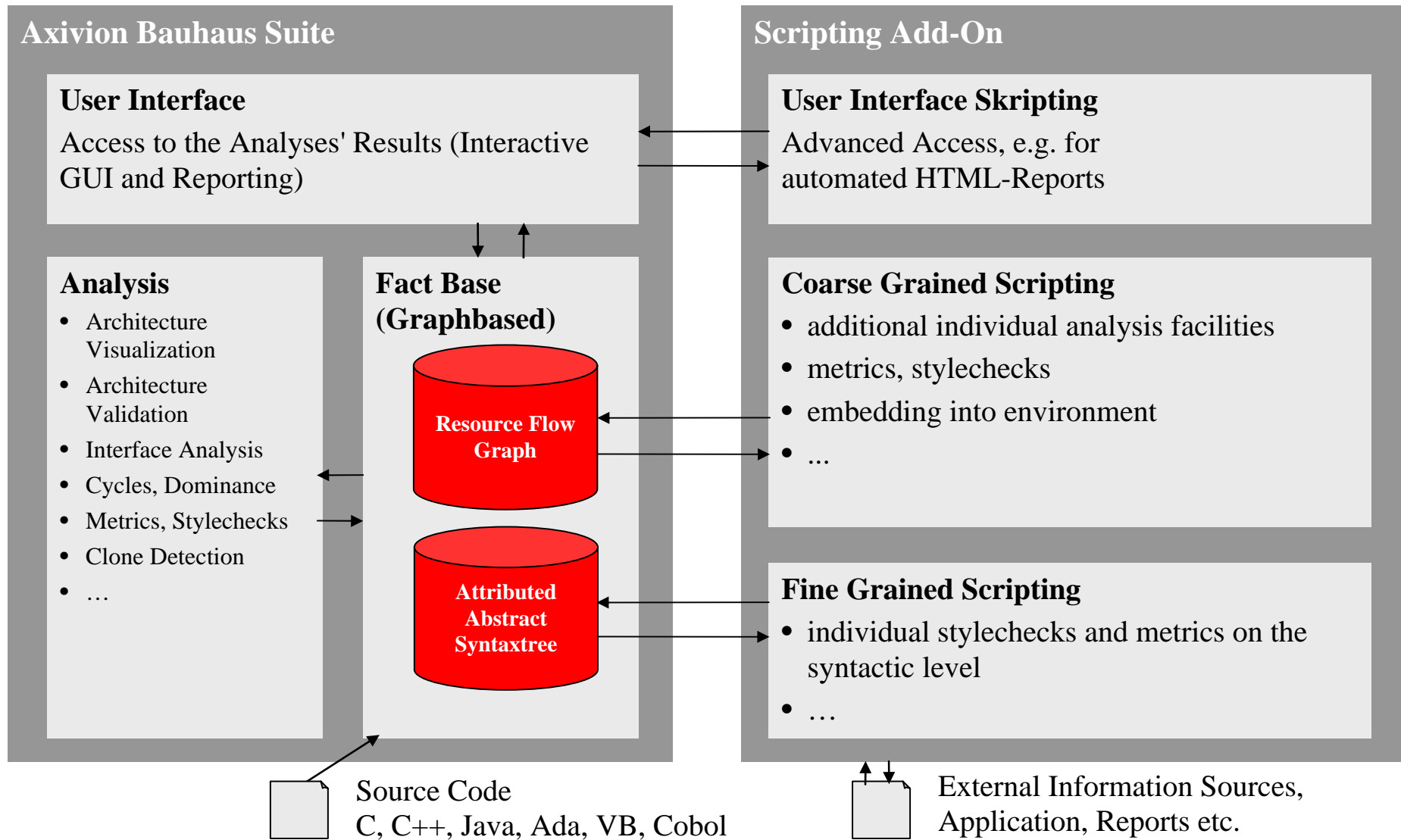


Sotograph: Check Arch. Conformance and Quality

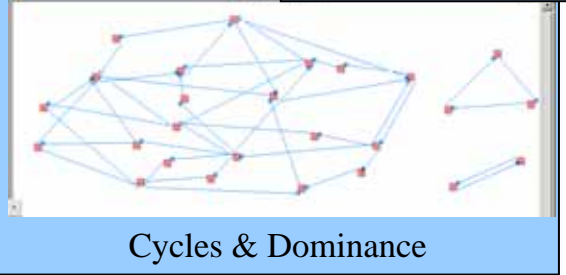
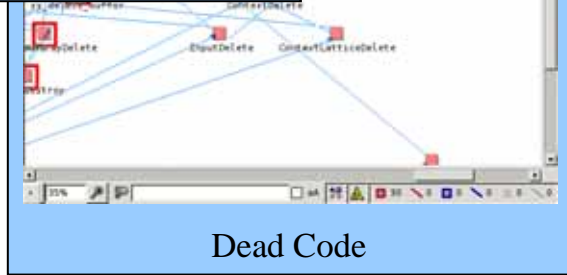
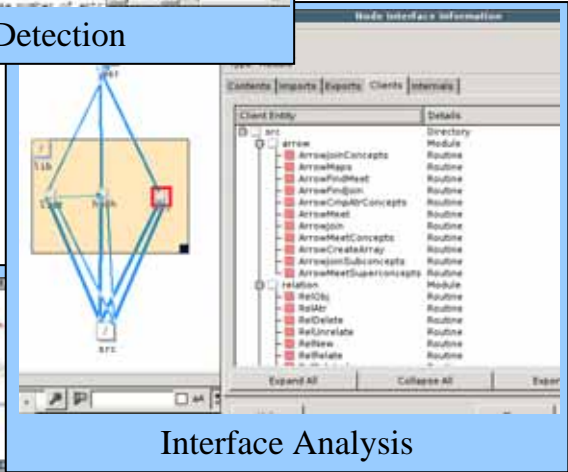
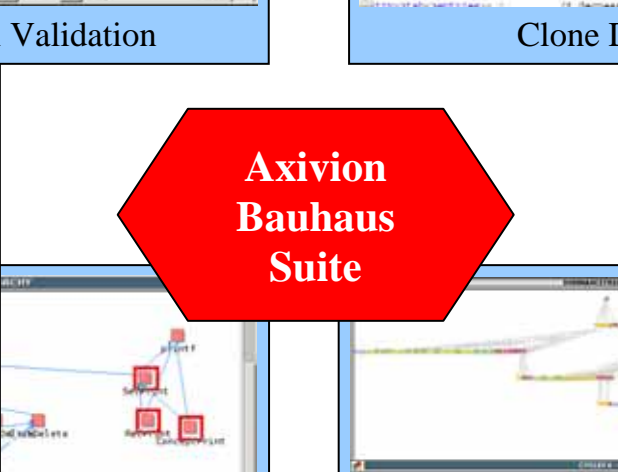
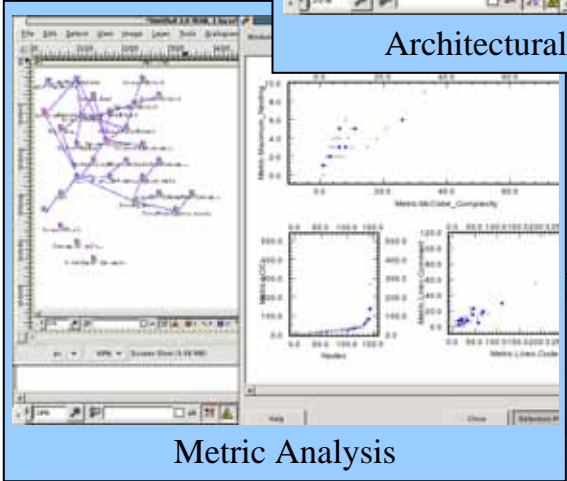
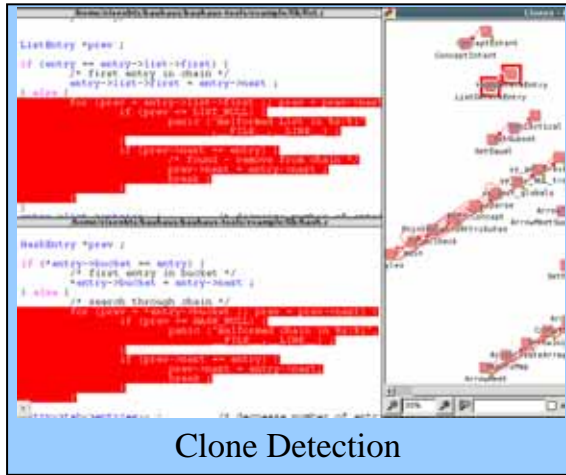
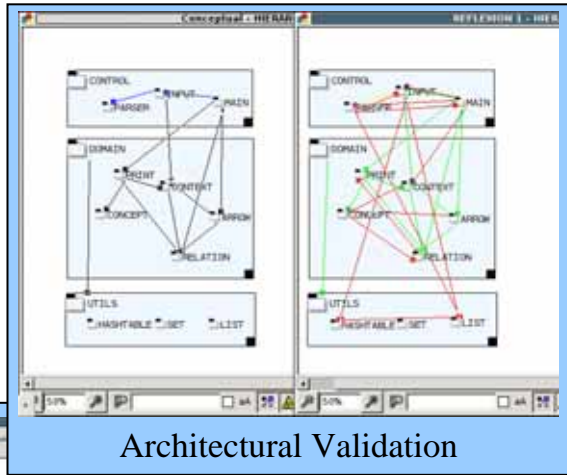
- Arch. violations

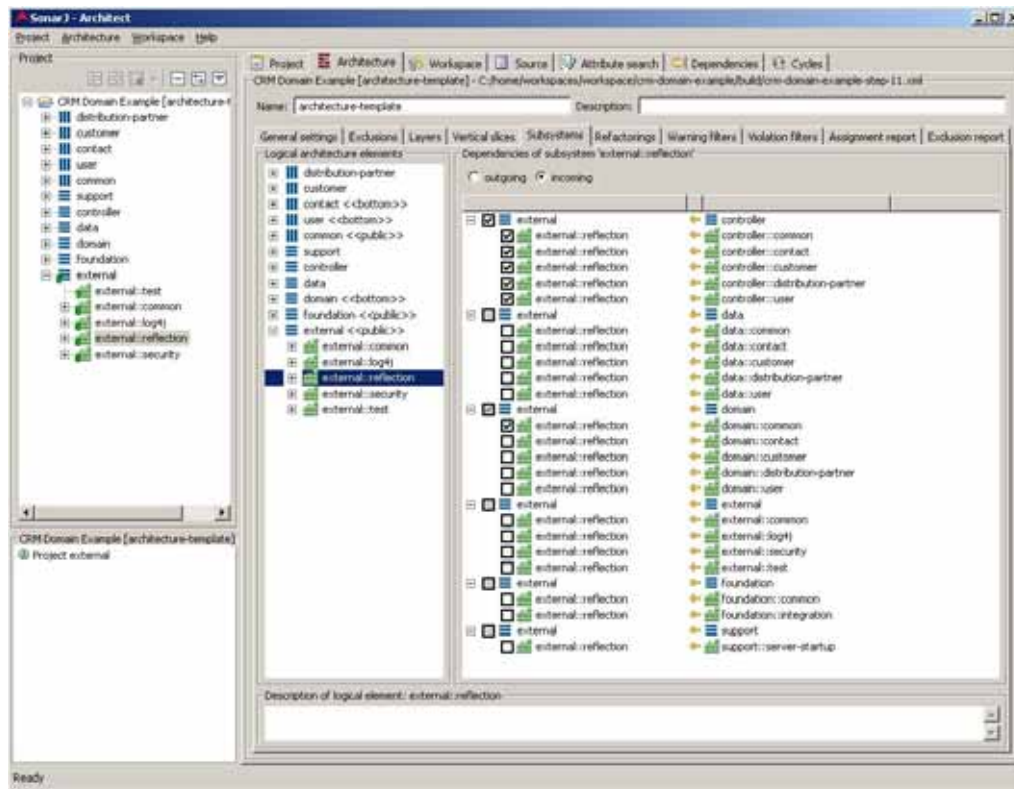


Axivion Bauhaus Suite



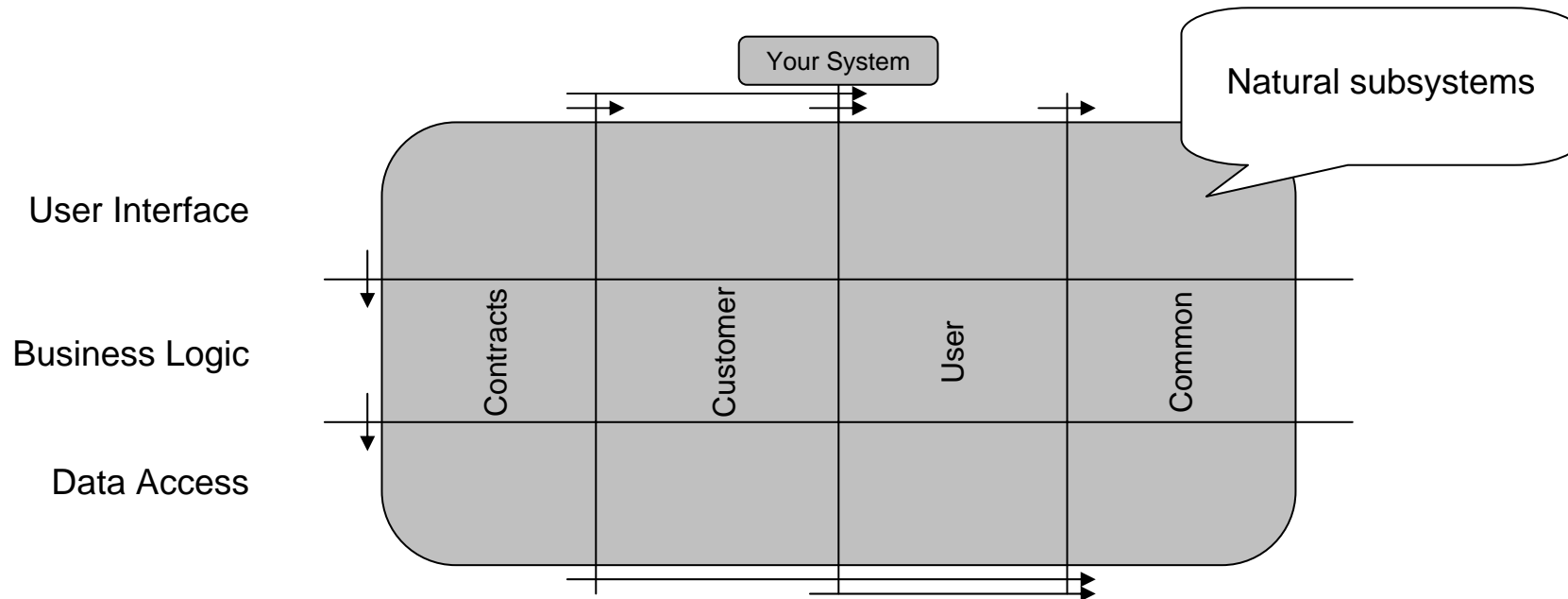
Axivion Bauhaus Suite





- Java centric
- Infos via Tables
- No graphs
- Known since 2005
- "In memory DB"
- Good Eclipse-Plugging
- Lightweight approach

- Architecture-MetaModel:



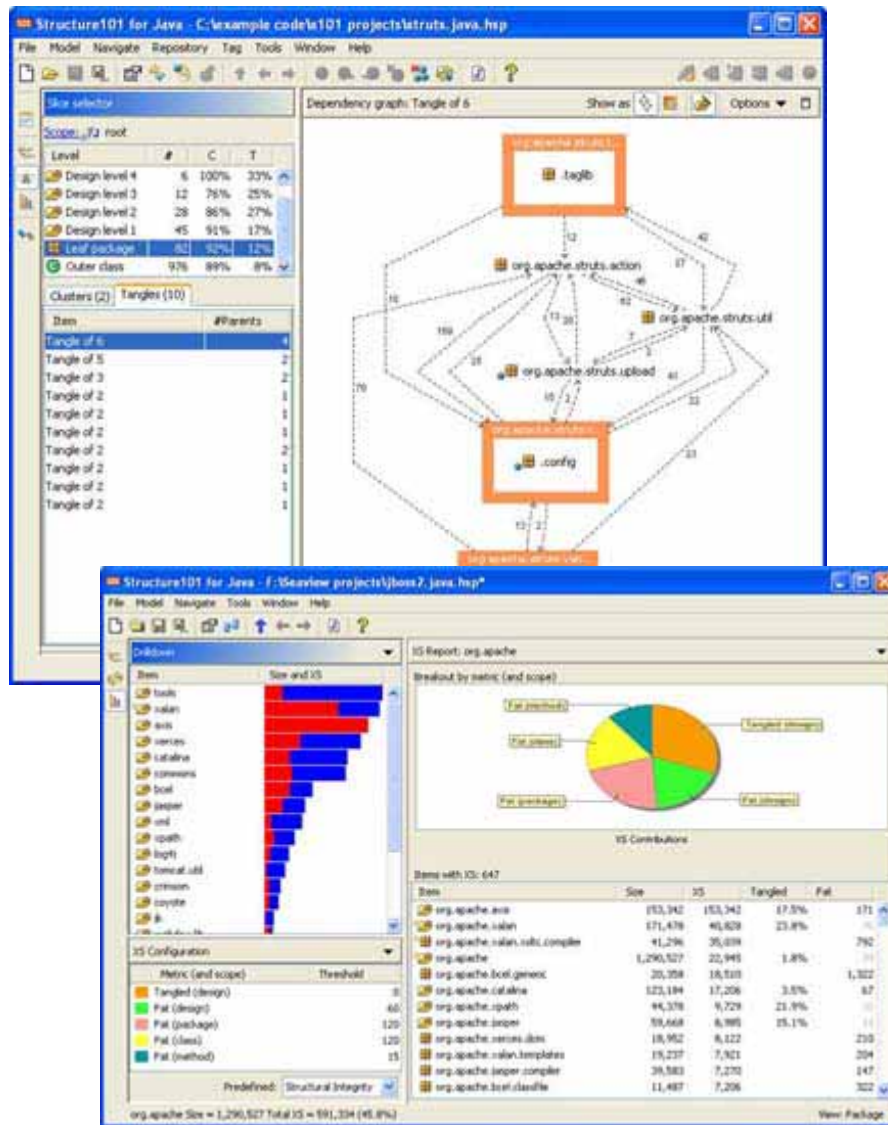
- Step 1: Cut horizontally into Layers
- Step 2: Cut vertically into vertical slices by functional aspects
- Step 3: Defines the rules of engagement

- Meta model: layers, vertical slices and subsystems
 - Each subsystem belongs to exactly one layer
 - A subsystem also might belong to a vertical slice
 - The association between vertical slices and subsystems is typically implemented by a naming convention
 - Vertical slices do not have to be present on every layer
 - Technical subsystems typically are not associated with any vertical slice
 - Technical systems often do not have vertical slices at all

The screenshot displays the SonarJ application window with the following components:

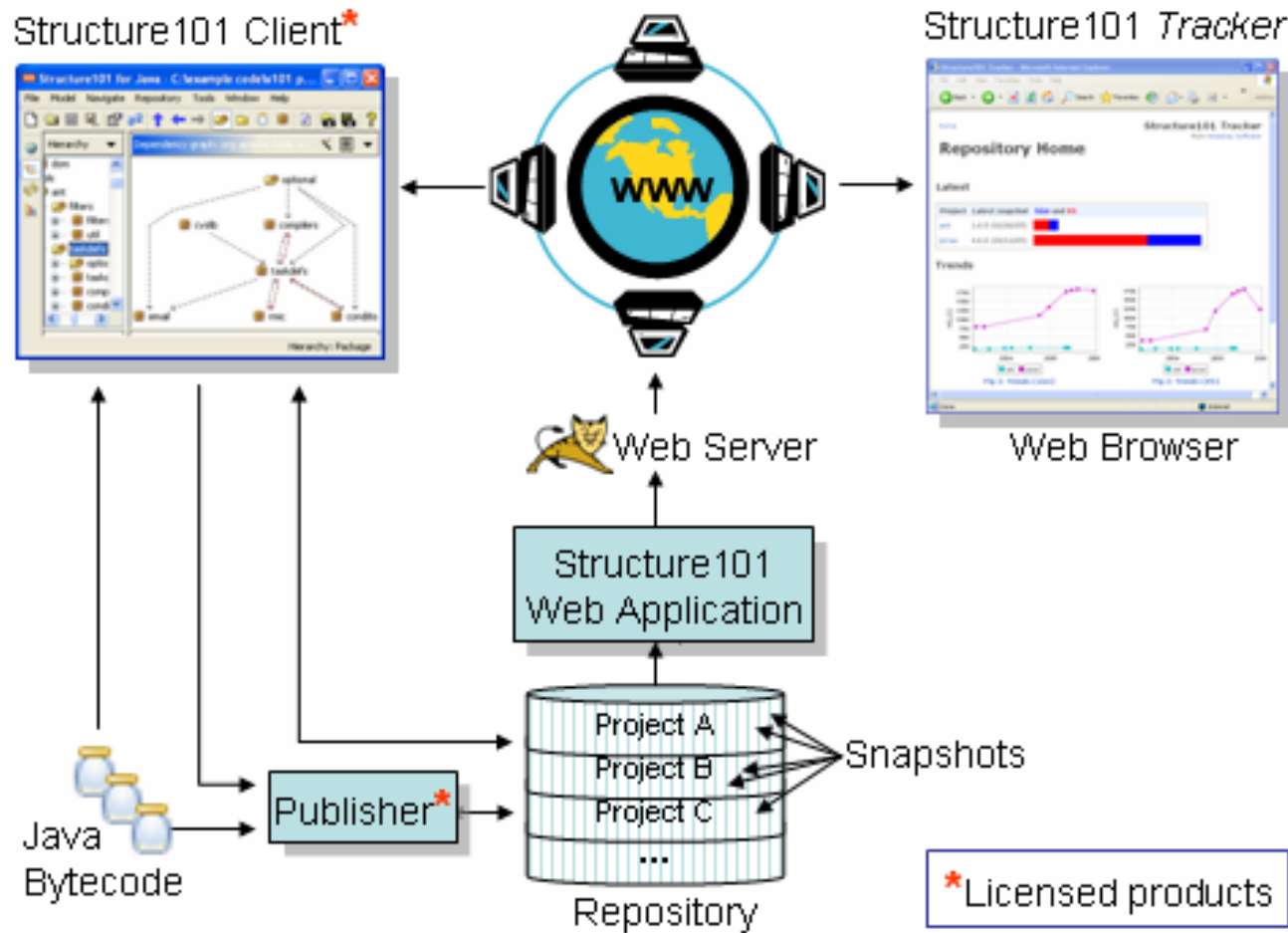
- Project:** crm-domain-example [architecture-template]
- Project Structure (Left):**
 - common
 - contact
 - customer
 - distribution-partner
 - user
 - controller
 - data
 - domain
 - external
 - foundation
 - support
- Path:** C:/Projects/crm-domain-example/build/crm-domain-example-step-10.xml
- Name:** architecture-template
- Description:**
- General settings | Exclusions | Layers | Vertical slices | Subsystems | Assignment report (0 Warning(s)) | Exclusion report (0 Warning(s))**
- Select a subsystem or named subsystem interface:**
 - common
 - contact
 - customer
 - distribution-partner
 - user
 - controller
 - data
 - domain
 - domain::common
 - domain::contact
 - domain::customer
 - domain::distribution-partner
 - domain::user
 - external
 - external::common
 - external::log4j
 - external::reflection
 - external::security
 - external::test
 - foundation
 - support
- Dependencies of subsystem 'external::reflection':**
 - outgoing
 - incoming
 - [architecture-template]
 - external <- controller
 - external::reflection <- controller::common
 - external::reflection <- controller::contact
 - external::reflection <- controller::customer
 - external::reflection <- controller::distribution-partner
 - external::reflection <- controller::user
 - external <- data
 - external::reflection <- data::common
 - external::reflection <- data::contact
 - external::reflection <- data::customer
 - external::reflection <- data::distribution-partner
 - external::reflection <- data::user
 - external <- domain
 - external::reflection <- domain::common
 - external::reflection <- domain::contact
 - external::reflection <- domain::customer
 - external::reflection <- domain::distribution-partner
 - external::reflection <- domain::user
 - external <- external
 - external::reflection <- external::common
 - external::reflection <- external::log4j
 - external::reflection <- external::security
 - external::reflection <- external::test
 - external <- foundation
 - external::reflection <- foundation::common
 - external::reflection <- foundation::integration
 - external <- support
 - external::reflection <- support::server-startup

Structure101: Overview



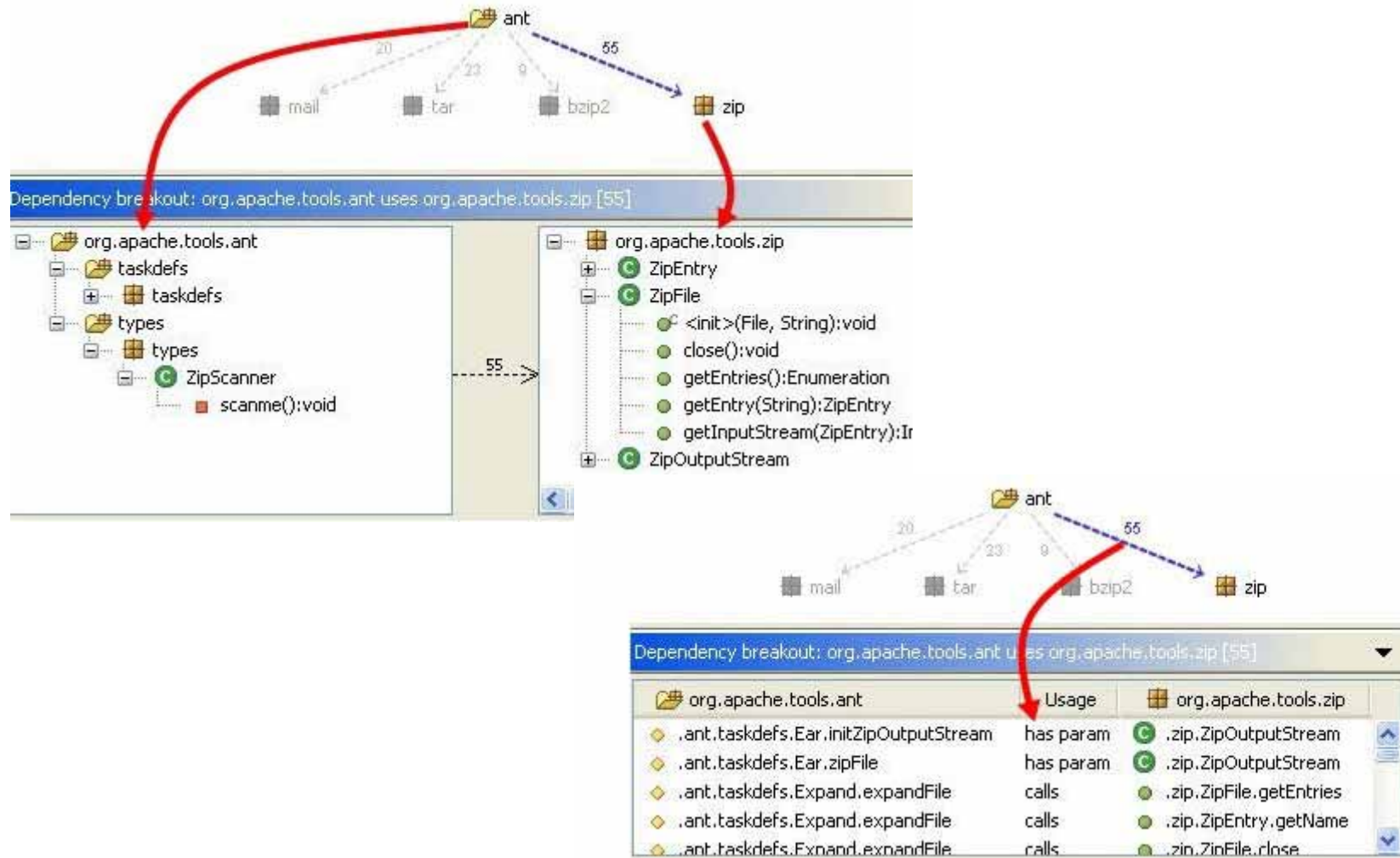
- Java (C++, Ada planned)
- Infos via DSM + Graphs
- Known since 2005
- Repository/DB server
- Fat-Client, Web
- Lightweight approach

- Structure101 Architecture



Structure101: Architecture Visualization

- Dependency Analyse



Lattix: Overview

The screenshot displays the Lattix software interface. The top window shows a dependency matrix for the 'org.apache.tools' subsystem. The matrix is a grid where rows represent subsystems and columns represent their dependencies. The subsystems listed on the left are: ant.taskdefs, Constants, DesirableFilter, ExitException, Launcher, Main, NoBannerLogger, XmlLogger, AntClassLoader, DefaultLogger, DemuxOutputStre..., BuildLogger, ProjectHelper, UnknownElement, IntrospectionHelper, BuildListener, BuildEvent, TaskAdapter, Target, TaskContainer, Task, RuntimeConfigura..., ProjectComponent, Project, DirectoryScanner, and BuildException. The matrix shows various dependencies between these subsystems, with some cells containing the number '1'.

The bottom window shows the 'Information' panel for the 'org.apache.tools.ant' subsystem. It displays the following information:

- Name: org.apache.tools.ant
- Subsystem Count: 4

The 'Usage' tab is selected, showing a table of rules:

Source	Rule	Target	Exception
\$root	Can-Use	\$root	No
\$root	Can-Use	java.**	No
\$root	Can-Use	javax.**	No
\$root	Can-Use	org.xml.sax.**	No
\$root	Can-Use	org.w3c.dom.**	No
\$root	Can-Use	org.apache.regexp.**	No
\$root	Can-Use	org.apache.oro.**	No

At the bottom of the rule table, there are buttons for 'Can Use', 'Cannot Use', 'Delete', 'Move Up', and 'Move Down'. Below the table are 'Add...' and 'Edit...' buttons.

- Java, (C++ via BSC, doxygen)
- Infos via DSM
- No graphics (or weak)
- Known since 2004
- "In memory DB"
- Lightweight approach
- Fat client
- Trend via cmd line
+ own report

- Artefacts (e.g. Subsystems, Packages, Types, etc.) are displayed in Matrix
 - Columns show "using-" relations
 - Rows show "is used from-" relations
- Artefacts can be
 - Grouped in Subsystems, Layers
 - Arranged hierarchically
- Architecture State can be read via Matrix

- Partitioning algorithms can identify highly coupled artefacts
- Rules for allowed/forbidden Relationships

Lattix: DSM Examples

- Example Architectures, for direct reading from Matrix

\$root		→	2	3	4	5
- com.example	+ application 1	.				
	+ model 2	37	.			
	+ domain 3	17	29	.		
	+ framework 4	75	53	42	.	
	+ util 5	10	13	16	13	.

\$root		→	2	3	4	5
- com.example	+ application 1	.				
	+ model 2	37	.			
	+ domain 3		29	.		
	+ framework 4			42	.	
	+ util 5				13	.

\$root		→	2	3	4	5
- com.example	+ application 1	.				1
	+ model 2	37	.			1
	+ domain 3	17	26	.		
	+ framework 4	75	53	40	.	
	+ util 5	11	13	16	13	.

Lattix: Rules and Partitionierung

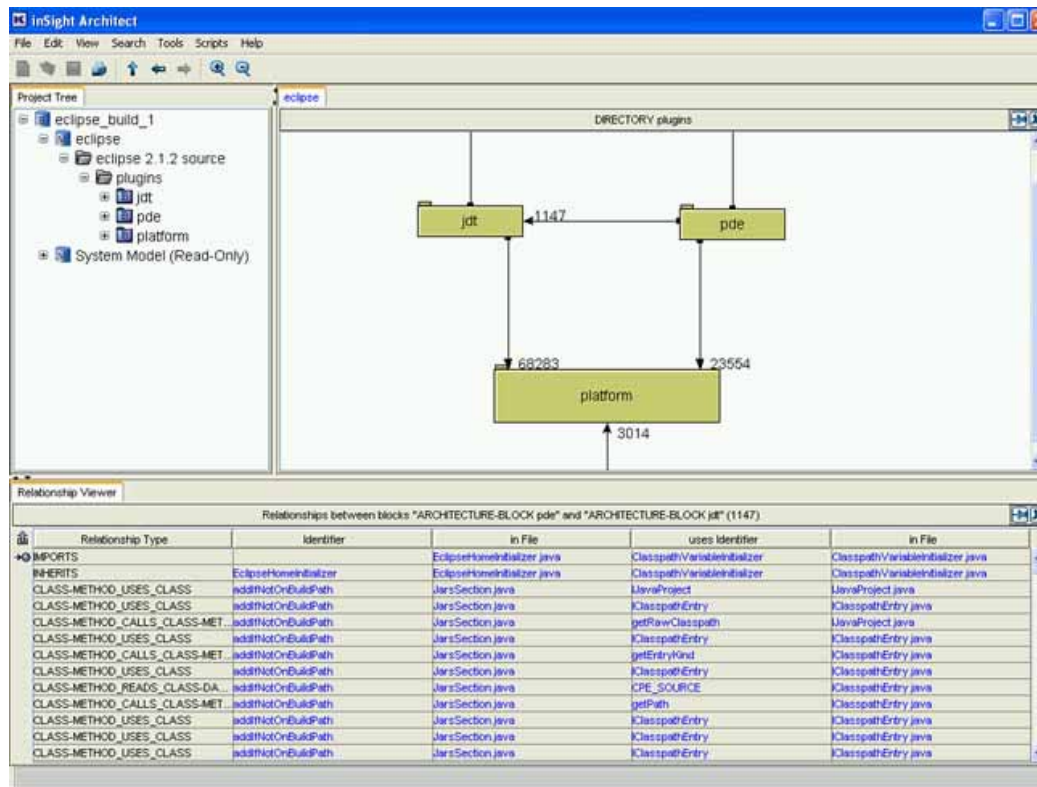
The screenshot displays the Lattix IDE interface. On the left is a project structure tree for 'org.apache.tools'. The main area shows a large dependency matrix with rows and columns representing different classes and packages. A path is highlighted in orange, starting from 'org.apache.tools.ant' and moving through 'org.apache.tools.ant.util'.

The detailed view window, titled 'C:\Lattix\docsupport\ant141.ldz', shows the following information:

- Name:** org.apache.tools.ant
- Subsystem Count:** 4
- Usage:** Rules, Files, Violations, Classification, Work List, Metrics
- Table:**

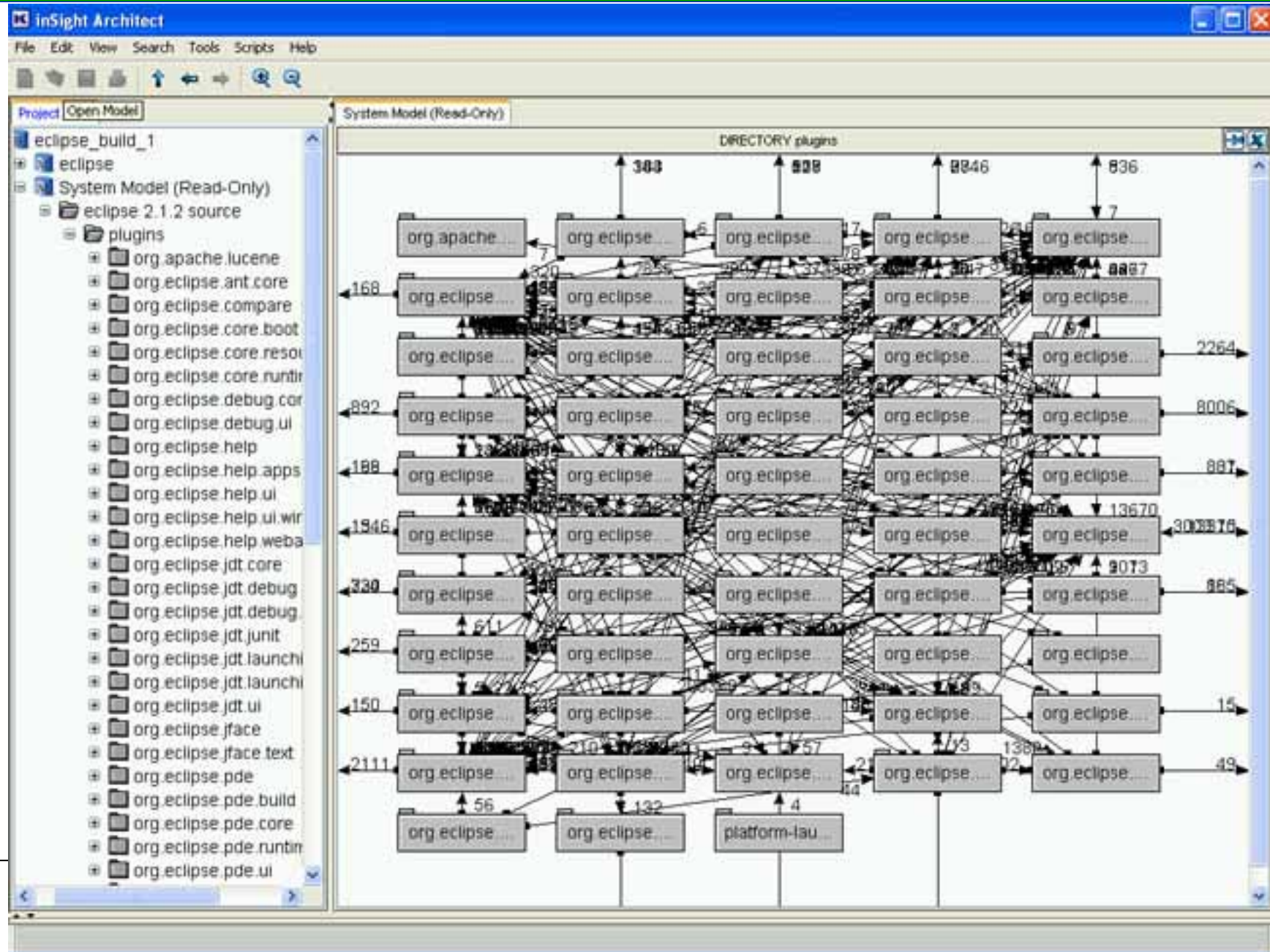
Source	Rule	Target	Exception
\$root	Can-Use	\$root	No
\$root	Can-Use	java.**	No
\$root	Can-Use	javax.**	No
\$root	Can-Use	org.xml.sax.**	No
\$root	Can-Use	org.w3c.dom.**	No
\$root	Can-Use	org.apache.regexp.**	No
\$root	Can-Use	org.apache.oro.**	No
- Buttons:** Can Use, Cannot Use, Delete, Move Up, Move Down, Add..., Edit...

Klocwork: K7 Overview

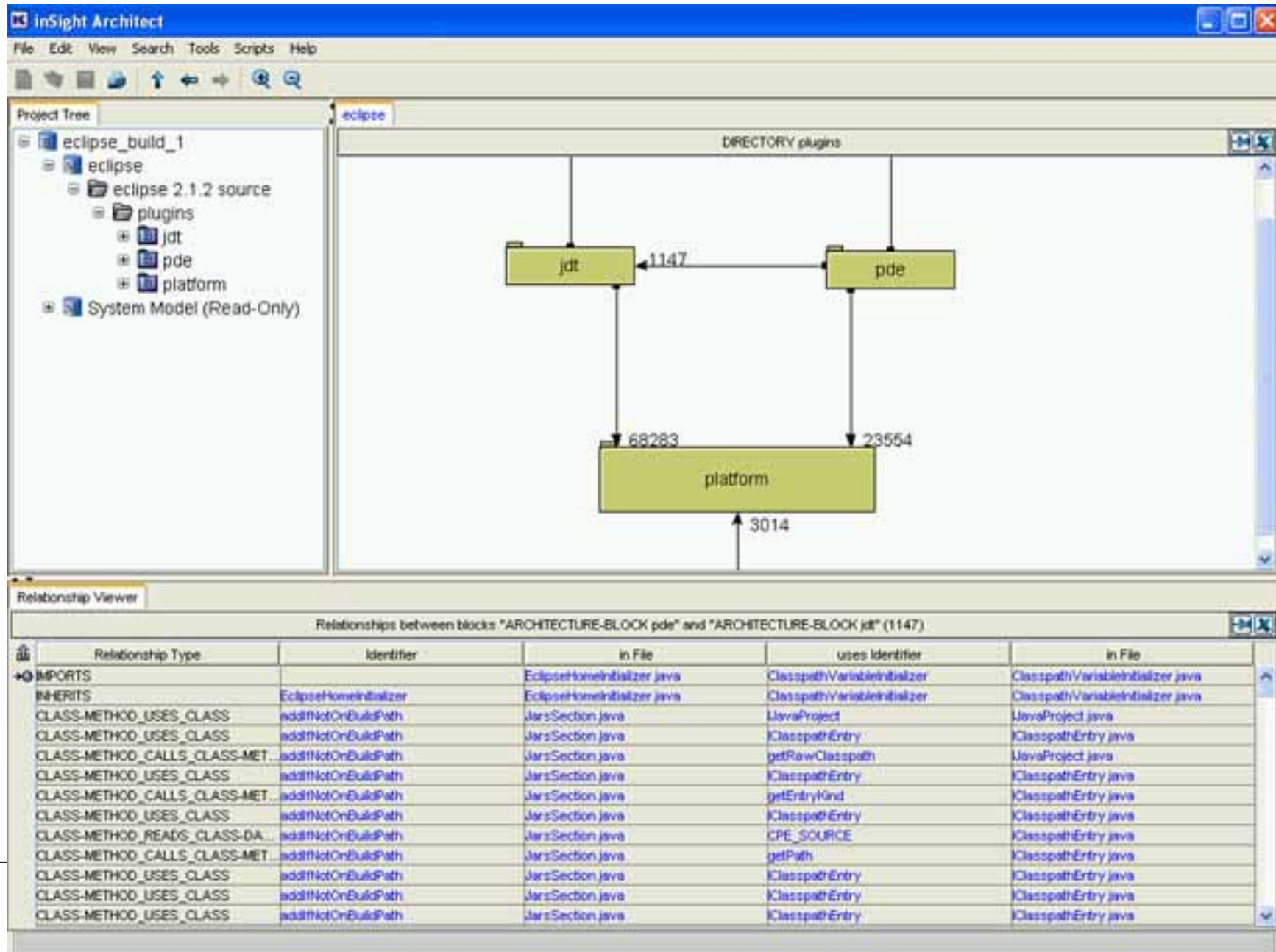


- Static Analysis Tool with Architecture addon
 - Inforce, Inspect
 - Insight, Project Central
- Infos via Table + Graph, but WEAK layout algorithms !
- NOT Out-of-the box, but can be customized via tcl scripts
- Mysql DB
- Fat GUI Client, Web Report
- Java, C++

Klocwork: K7 insight



Klocwork: K7 insight



- Target audience
- Languages
- Handling
- Process
- IDE Integration
- Infrastructure
- Lightweight, Powerfull, Compliacated
- Features (that you (will) need)

- Today's IDEs / mechanisms are not suited for architectural analysis
 - Use a "lint4Architecture" (no official, my term)
- Tool support is a necessary
 - Architecture monitoring (possible with a small weekly time investment)
- Management...can be convinced if existing problems become visible
 - pays off very fast (e.g. one week jdepend analysis vs. Sotograph refactoring done)
- Rules can/will be violated
 - There is always a "good" reason for that
- Rule can be checked
 - Tool support can automate the process
 - If you have continous build system, start employing a "lint4Architecture" now !!!

- Wikipedia
 - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Software_visualization
 - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_tools_for_static_code_analysis
- Books:
 - Refactoring in Large Software Projects
 - Patterns
 - AntiPatterns
 - Metrics
 - Architecture

